Are School Boards Democratic? (No! And ...)

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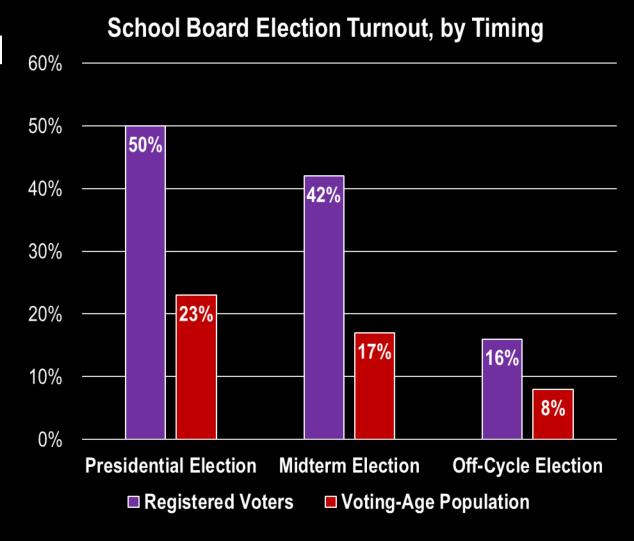


Overview

- How to measure "democracy?"
 - Process: Participation and contestation
 - Outcomes: Accountability and responsiveness
- Why this is the wrong question!
- A Modest Proposal ... for reform

Measure 1: How Many People Vote?

- Data from California school board elections 2006-2014
- Looking at average turnout <u>net of</u>
 roll off as percent of <u>registered</u>
 voters (and of <u>voting-age</u>
 population), by timing

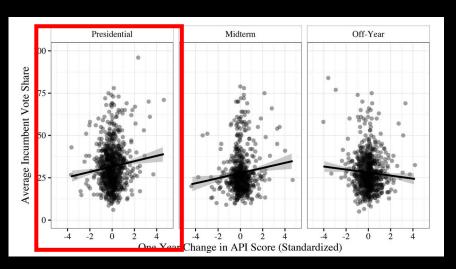


Measure 2: Are Elections Competitive?

- We have assembled the largest database of school board elections available, covering 50,000 contests in 16 states during 2002-2017
- Findings:
 - Nearly 40% of races are uncontested
 - Incumbents win 80% of the time (when they run)
 - Average margin of victory: 38%!

Measure 3: Are Incumbents Held Accountable?

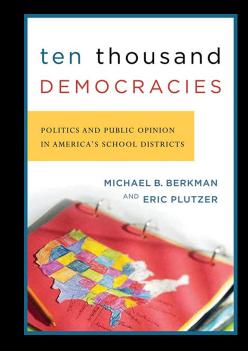
- Retrospective voting: Rewarding good, punishing bad performance
 - Important for incentives we want: Better student outcomes
- Summary: Accountability is exception, not rule in SB elections
- Even when found, effect sizes are very small much smaller than effect of teacher union endorsement

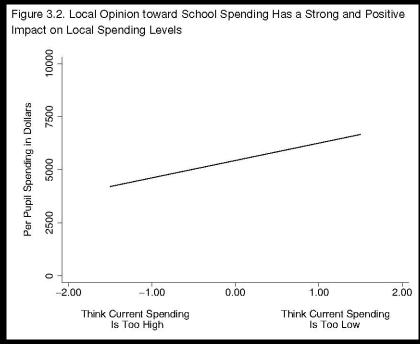


Source: Julia Payson, 2017, "When Are Local Incumbents Held Accountable for Government Performance? Evidence from US School Districts," *Legislative Studies Quarterly* 42(3): pp. 421-448.

Measure 4: Does Policy Match Voter Preferences?

- "The empirical story shows that school districts are indeed democratic. To a degree that surprised both authors of this book, there is a high correspondence between what citizens want and what they get."
- Tells us nothing about quality of representative democracy!
 - Eliminating elections and picking boards via random lottery will also produce responsiveness (not clear if more or less)

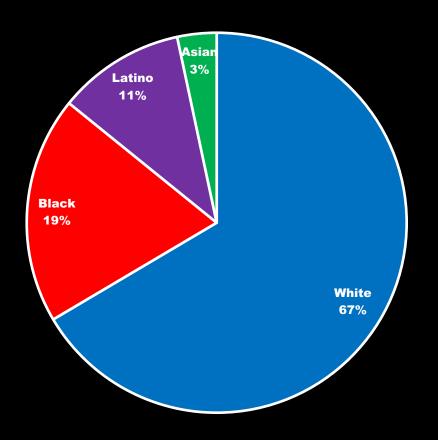




This Is the Wrong Question!

- Schools exist to educate students. Asking if school boards are democratic has nothing to do with how well they are executing that function!
- We evaluate public water systems based on whether they provide safe and clean water, not based on how "democratic" they are
- We evaluate public hospitals based on patient outcomes, not on turnout in elections, # of people speaking at public comment, etc.
- "Democracy" is about adults, which tells us little about how students are served

East Ramapo Central School District



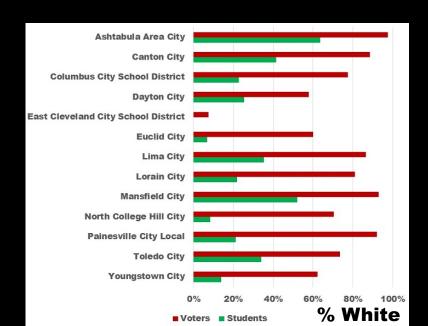
- Public school students: 8,800
 - 92% Black or Latino
- Private school students: 29,200
 - 98% White





Democratic Deficit in Education Governance

- It turns out *most* large, urban, low-performing districts look like East Ramapo
 - Most voters don't have kids, and look quite different from the kids being educated in public schools
 - Most majority-minority school districts (in terms of enrollment) have majority white school board electorates



Democratic Deficit in Education Governance

- Fundamental problem: Misalignment between political incentives (what adults want) and student interests
- Example: HBO's "The Wire"



A Modest Proposal for Reform

- Make school quality more salient to voters
 - Emphasize growth over proficiency (which largely captures SES composition)
 - Release information in close proximity to school board elections
 - Print district performance ratings on the ballot (instead of party labels!)
- Move school board elections to be held in November even years
 - Not only is turnout much higher, but parents represent larger share of voters
 - This is when Julia Payson's research suggests incumbents are actually held accountable (but only a little)

A Modest Proposal for Reform

- Increase school choice options (e.g., open enrollment, charter schools, vouchers)
 - Directly empowers parents, not the few adults who happen to vote
 - Overwhelming evidence of positive competition effects, improving alignment of incentives
 - Programs should be targeted (rather than universal), with proactive quality control measures
- No Adult Left Behind coming in 2024!